IDENTIFYING SIMILARITIES AND DIFFERENCES

Copyright©www.drademal.com.tr

WHEN WRITING ABOUT SIMILARITIES:

- 1. like: (... gibi) (preposition) + Noun/Pronoun
 - e.g. The dog<mark>, like</mark> the cat<mark>,</mark> is a household pet.
 - e.g. <u>Like Ayşe</u>, my best friend never smokes and drinks.
 - e.g. Like Iraq, Iran is an Islamic country. or Iran, like Iraq, is an Islamic country.

just like: (tıpkı, çok benzer)	e.g. An LCD TV is just like an LCD monitor.
	e.g. You are just like my father.

- 2. both and....: (hem... hem de...) In the subject position, it takes a plural verb.
 - e.g. **Both** the dog **and** the cat <u>make</u> good household pets, but a dog requires more attention than a cat. (*It is followed <u>a verb in plural form</u>*.)
 - e.g. Both Istanbul and London are famous for their historical landmarks.
 - e.g. I love both soccer and volleyball.

3. similarity: noun /Countable/

- e.g. The main/major/outstanding **similarities** between working from home and working in an office <u>are</u> the salary you get and the workload you have.
- e.g. The main/major/outstanding **similarity** between a laptop and a smart phone is their size.

4. have in common: to share

Π

a lot of things	e.g. Istanbul and Izmir have <u>a lot of things</u> in common.
much/a lot	(= Istanbul and Izmir share a lot of things.)
a number of things	
loads of things	
several/a few things	
very few things	e.g. Melda and her boyfriend have very few things in common.

5. a lot / far / much / even + a comparative adjective (e.g. bigger, more handsome, etc.)

- e.g. I have **a lot** more responsibility now than I did five years ago.
- e.g. My mom is far more tolerant than my sister. (Annem, kızkardeşimden çok daha hoşgörülü.)
- e.g. Istanbul is **much** <u>bigger</u> than Sinop.
- e.g. Selin is even lazier than Canan. (Selin, Canan'dan çok daha tembel.)

6. similar: (adjective) benzer

- e.g. My house and my car are **similar** in many ways.
- e.g. Turkey and Bosnia have a lot of **similar** <u>historical monuments</u>. (similar + noun)
- e.g. I.U and M.U face similar technical problems in online educational system.

similar to e.g. The flowers in Sudan are similar to those (the flowers) in my country.

- e.g. New York and Tokyo are **similar to** each other in several aspects.
- e.g. Samsun is similar in climate to Sinop.
- e.g. Arzu is similar in physical appearance to my girlfriend.

7. <u>A full sentence</u>. Likewise/Similarly, <u>a full sentence</u> (benzer şekilde)

- e.g. My uncle spends his time watching TV. **Likewise**, his son watches cartoons on TV every day.
- e.g. London is the financial heart of Great Britain. **Similarly**, Istanbul is an important center of banking and finance.
- e.g. After work, I usually go home, eat dinner, and flop down onto the sofa to watch a video. Likewise / Similarly, at weekends, I usually take long trips out-of-town in my car.
- 8. alike: (adjective) similar "alike + noun"
 - e.g. My phone and her tablet are **alike** in colour.
 - e.g. His mom and his girlfriend are **alike** in mood.

alike: (adverb) in a similar way

- e.g. I treat my home and my car alike. e.g. Ayse and Rana think alike.
- e.g. Ceyda and Meryem believe <u>alike</u>.
- 9. the same: adjective (aynı)
 - e.g. My brother and I are **the same** in eye colour.
 - e.g. My brother and Ayşe have **the same** eye colour. (*the same + noun*)
 - e.g. The subway system in New York is **the same as** the one in Tokyo.
 - e.g. Your mobile phone is **the same** in speed and colour **as** my table computer.
- 10. , too: (*de*, *da*) e.g. Tokyo is densely populated. New York is overpopulated, too.
- 11. equally: (adverb) e.g. Istanbul and Athens are equally noisy.
- 12. as....as: (...-e kadar) It expresses equality between two things/people/places, etc.
 - e.g. Çankırı is as populated as my hometown. (adjective)
 - e.g. Burak can speak Greek as <u>fluently</u> as Yorgo. (adverb)
 - e.g. I have got **as** <u>much food</u> **as** you. (much + uncountable noun)
 - e.g. They hired **as** <u>many entertainers</u> **as** possible. (many + plural noun)
- 13. not only but also (sadece değil, ayrıca da)
 - e.g. Mersin and Antalya **not only** <u>lie</u> in the Mediterranean Region **but also** <u>have</u> similar cuisine. (*It connects two verbs.*)
 - e.g. Mersin and Antalya are **not only** <u>touristic</u> **but also** <u>agricultural</u> cities. (It connects two adjectives.)
- 14. **neither nor** (*ne ne de ...* .)
 - e.g. Mr. Al and Mrs. Red are **neither** <u>strict</u> **nor** <u>indifferent</u> lecturers. (*It connects two adjectives.*) e.g. Jennifer and Mary **neither** <u>smoke</u> **nor** <u>drink</u>. (*It connects two verbs.*)

WHEN WRITING ABOUT DIFFERENCES:

1. difference: noun /Countable/

- e.g. The main/major/outstanding **differences** between High School and College <u>are</u> the assignments, exams, and absences.
- e.g. The main/major/outstanding **difference** between Kocaeli and İstanbul <u>is</u> how densely they are populated.

- 2. different (from): *adjective* e.g. Çorum and Samsun are different in several ways. e.g. Istanbul is completely different from Berlin.
- 3. **unlike:** (*preposition*) + Noun/Pronoun (...-den farklı olarak, ...-e benzemeksizin)
 - e.g. The dog<mark>, unlike</mark> the cat<mark>,</mark> is dependent on its master.
 - e.g. <u>Unlike Turkey</u>, Germany is a member of the EU.
 - Germany<mark>, unlike Turkey,</mark> is a member of the EU.
 - e.g. <u>Unlike Mr Al</u>, our math teacher is very strict.
- 4. Though / Even though / Although: (-e rağmen)
 - e.g. Although Havana is a city which is popular with tourists, Rio is much more popular.
- 5. <u>A full sentence</u>. On the contrary, <u>a full sentence</u>

(aksine)

- e.g. Life in cities is crazily expensive. On the contrary, almost everything is free in villages.
- e.g. In High School, the teachers <u>are</u> always <u>onto you</u> (*=speak to you*) about attendance. **On the contrary**, in College, the teachers do not care whether or not you are in class.
- e.g. I was not indifferent to her problems last year. On the contrary, I did my best to help her.

6. whereas/while: oysa, halbuki

e.g. My parents are poor, whereas theirs are very rich.

e.g. Ali supports FB<mark>, while</mark> his wife is a fan of GS.

whereas/while: -e rağmen

- e.g. Whereas their parents are very rich, mine are poor.
- e.g. While his wife is a fan of GS, Ali supports FB.
- 7. <u>A full sentence</u>. **However**, <u>a full sentence</u>.
 - e.g. Rock music is often very fast; however, folk music is usually very slow.
 - e.g. Rock music is often very fast<mark>. However,</mark> folk music is usually very slow.
 - e.g. Rock music is often very fast. Folk music<mark>, however,</mark> is usually very slow.
 - e.g. Rock music is often very fast. Folk music is usually very slow, however.

8. to differ / vary: (farklılık göstermek)

e.g. Beşiktaş and Fenerbahçe **differ** in colour. e.g. Burak and Celil **vary** in richness.

to differ from / vary from: (.... -den farklıdır.)

e.g. Beşiktaş **differs from** Fenerbahçe in colour. e.g. Burak **varies from** Celil in richness.

- 9. <u>A full sentence</u>. On the other hand, <u>a full sentence</u>.
 - e.g. The cookies Ayşe made are tough and overcooked. **On the other hand**, the fish is terrific. (The cookies Ayşe made are tough and overcooked. The fish, on the other hand, is terrific.)
- - e.g. On one hand, Istanbul is expensive, but on the other hand, it provides you with a lot of opportunities.
 - e.g. On one hand, we'd like to go clubbing tonight, but on the other hand, we need to get up very early tomorrow.

11. In comparison with/to (something) or By comparison with (something): (...ile kiyaslandiğinda)

- e.g. In comparison to other Çalıkuşu, Sinekli Bakkal isn't very exciting.
- e.g. By comparison with other Anatolian football teams, Trabzonspor is very successful.

12. <u>A full sentence</u>. In contrast, <u>a full sentence</u>.

e.g. My mom is a modern woman. In contrast, my wife is more of a traditionalist.

Prepared by Dr. Adem AL

Copyright ©www.drademal.com.tr